

GRAND ADMIT INSANITY.

Insisted on an Examination, and When Officially Pronounced Sane Left Her Father and Went Away with a Stranger.

A girl, screaming and struggling with all her strength to free herself from the clutches of a man and woman, was dragged into the office of Superintendent Blair, who has charge of the out-door poor, in East Twenty-sixth street, yesterday morning.

Five hundred persons, mostly women and children, followed closely at their heels and protested in forcible language against the inhuman treatment of the girl.

"She is insane," yelled the woman who held the girl by her arm. "Go away and do not trouble her. We are taking her to an asylum."

This did not satisfy the crowd, and several men who had witnessed the rough treatment of the girl interfered and protected her while waiting for the arrival of Superintendent Blair. When he reached his office the man in charge of the girl stated that he was George Nau, a porter, of No. 340 East Seventy-sixth street, and the girl was his daughter, Emeline. The woman with her was Mrs. Kate Emerick, who lived at the same address and had accompanied him to keep the girl quiet on the trip.

Girl Falls on Her Knees. "My daughter is crazy," said Nau. "She will not do anything at home, and she will not work out. I want to send her to an asylum, where she can be taken care of. It is not able to do anything with her. She will not obey me."

"I am not crazy," cried Emeline. She fell upon her knees before Superintendent Blair and begged him not to send her to an asylum.

"My father knows I am not insane," she said, between her sobs, "and all the trouble is about it. I have not been able to find work."

"She is as crazy as a bug," yelled Mrs. Emerick to the crowd, which pressed close upon her, and from different quarters she threatened the father and the woman, who seemed to have bitter feelings against the pleading girl and wanted to have her sent away in a hurry.

Superintendent Blair told Emeline that he would protect her. He spoke to her kindly, but the girl was hysterical and cried with every breath. "Do not let them send me to an asylum."

Shortly afterward, while Superintendent Blair was explaining matters to the father, the girl could not be committed without an examination by physicians competent to judge her mental condition. Emeline broke away from the grip of Mrs. Emerick and dashed into Twenty-sixth street.

"I would rather die," screamed Emeline, "than go to an asylum."

Nimble Woman the Captain. She started in the direction of the nearest pier with the evident intention of jumping overboard. Several persons tried to catch her as she passed them, but she eluded them. Her father and Mrs. Emerick were nearest to her when she started, and they went after her at full speed.

Mrs. Emerick, who was large and heavy, was quick on her feet, and soon headed the pursuing crowd. When Emeline had lost her footing, she was held up and held her until Nau arrived.

Emeline fought savagely to gain her freedom, and begged the father to let her die. She said they would then be rid of her. During the struggle Emeline's clothing was scattered all over the pier.

When she was taken to Superintendent Blair's office her father said: "I have had a sample of what my daughter will do. She is incorrigible."

"This is not a case," said Superintendent Blair, "that I can decide. The girl had been taken to Bellevue Hospital for examination."

Threats of the Crowd. Nau and Mrs. Emerick took Emeline by the arm and started up the street to the hospital gate. They had to drag her along. She begged the people who were near to help her, and several men told Nau that it would not be well for him if he treated the girl roughly. They advised the girl to go quietly, and she did.

"Why," shouted Mrs. Emerick to the crowd, "Emeline runs the streets all night, associates with corner loafers and toughs, and will be ruined if she is not sent to an asylum. At Bellevue Emeline was taken in charge by an orderly, who conducted her to the office of Dr. F. W. Robertson, who is in charge of the insane pavilion. Mrs. Emerick followed and insisted upon going into the room with the girl. She said she was the only one who could handle the girl when she became flighty."

She had to be forcibly removed and escorted to the reception room by two orderlies, and she protested all the while against the "high-handed and outrageous" proceeding.

The Physician's Inquiry. Dr. Robertson heard the father's story and examined him closely as to what he thought was evidence that his daughter was insane. Nau told of many things which, if true, showed that Emeline was pugnacious and perhaps not altogether sane. She had a temper, according to her father, which made her act like a fiend.

When Dr. Robertson got through with the father he heard the girl's story alone. She said she was twenty-two years old. She is tall, slender and has large blue eyes and light yellow hair. When she got away from the people who had been tormenting her she was calm, she smiled and talked calmly and with no show of feeling. Emeline said there was absolutely no truth in the charges and statements made against her by her father and Mrs. Emerick. She is the eldest of three children, and her father had always shown that he did not like her and wished to have her out of his sight. When she was only ten years old her father had had her committed to a juvenile asylum, where her children are supposed to be made good. She never had any trouble in the asylum. She did whatever she was told without complaint, and everybody treated her kindly and spoke well of her. She remained in the asylum for five years, and those who had charge of the place said she was a good girl and tractable. She had been home but a short time when her father again sent her away.

Her Second Incarceration. This time he took her to a home for feeble-minded children, and she was kept there for several years. She did not have any trouble in this place, but about nine months ago she asked to be discharged and permitted to go to her father's house and live with her sisters, even though she knew she would not be welcome there.

Emeline told Dr. Robertson that her father was constantly scolding her because she was not earning her living. She said that every day during the nine months she had been at home she had been trying to get work, but had failed to find anybody who would take her because she was unable to furnish any references as to her ability and honesty.

After Emeline had told her story in her own way Dr. Robertson asked her many

questions to test the operation of her mind, and her replies indicated that she was of average intelligence, had a fair memory and was not suffering from any delusions of any kind. A physical test was made for the usual symptoms of brain disturbance, and all tests were developed so that the girl was inclined to be hysterical when her temper was aroused.

Dr. Robertson then called Nau to his office, told him that his daughter was perfectly sane, that there was no ground for sending her to an asylum, and was his duty to take her home and care for her.

The Girl's Pleadings. "Some terrible thing will happen to me," said Emeline, "if I go home with my father."

Nau, Mrs. Emerick and Emeline went to the reception room, where Emeline stopped and said she would not go any further with them. The girl took hold of her to take her away, when a stranger, who had watched the girl's treatment of the girl, stepped from the waiting crowd and said that since Dr. Robertson had given his opinion that the girl was sane, he would take her with him and give her a home until she could find a place to live.

"I will go with you, sir," said Emeline, and she left her father and took the stranger's arm. Nau tried to take her away from her protector, but she would not leave him.

The man said he was Albert Wuernter, a contractor, and gave his address as No. 307 East Seventy-second street. He went away with Emeline, Nau and Mrs. Emerick followed them from the hospital gate. The crowd followed at their heels, hooting and groaning.

Policeman Would Not Interfere. At First avenue and Twenty-sixth street Nau appealed to Policeman Burke and demanded that he should take Emeline from the man who was abducting her. The policeman learned from Nau that the girl was over twenty years old and refused to interfere. Emeline and her friend took a second avenue car uptown and Nau and Mrs. Emerick threatened all sorts of vengeance.

Nau refused to make a statement to reporters later, and Mrs. Emerick would not tell what interest she had in sending Emeline to an asylum.

At the address given by Mr. Wuernter, the girl was taken to her home. He heard of him, and he did not take the girl yesterday. The hospital authorities believe, however, that his intentions in taking the girl away were honorable.

WOULD BE CUBAN MARTYRS WARNED AND RELEASED. Havana's Police Court Magistrate Calls Them "Sidewalk Loafers" Who Represent Nothing.

Havana, Oct. 5.—The son of General Sanguily and the three other Cubans who were arrested for hauling down Spanish flags from the premises of the Commercial Fire Brigade and the Spanish Clerks' Club during the recent festival have been released. They had been put under cash bail to keep the peace, and all were able to furnish it, but they desired to pose as martyrs in the cause of Cuban liberty. They had been threatened with work on the rock pile, but a conference between the civil authorities and Captain William L. Hatcher, chief of the Havana Police Court, resulted in their release. The men will, however, be kept under police surveillance.

In discharging them Magistrate Picher declared they were "only sidewalk loafers who represented nothing, and did harm in the eyes of the public to their entire race."

\$50,000 CASH AND BONDS KICKING ABOUT A WHARF. Pursuer of a Steamship Dropped a Lost Valise Off at Honolulu Containing This Small Fortune.

Honolulu, Sept. 27, via Victoria, B. C., Oct. 6.—R. B. Denning, who left here on August 30 on the steamship Australia, lost a valise containing nearly \$50,000 in bank notes, bonds and sugar stock.

The valise was shipped by mistake on the Nippon Maru as part of the personal effects of Pursuer Piver. The latter discovered the error before the ship sailed, and dropped the valise off on the Pacific Mail wharf. It lay among other unclaimed packages until advised yesterday by the British King resulted in a search being made. The lost valise was found with contents intact.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS IN A COLLISION. Two Women Delegates to the Annual Convention of the Union Se-

verely Injured.

Saratoga, N. Y., Oct. 5.—A special excursion train, en route from Saratoga to Ansonia Chasms, and containing more than 100 delegates who had attended the annual meeting here of the New York State Christian Endeavor Union, collided this morning with a heavy freight train near Putnam station on the Delaware & Hudson Railway. The locomotives of both trains were hurled into the ditch and several cars were wrecked.

Mrs. C. S. Myers, of Boonville, who has been brought here for treatment, and Miss E. Howard, of Saratoga, were severely injured. Many passengers were bruised.

BRITISH TROOPS FIGHT WITH MUSSULMANS. Force Lands on the Somali Coast and Attacks a Native Band Under an Arab Mullah.

Paris, Oct. 5.—According to a dispatch from Ras Jibuti, on the Gulf of Aden, the Indo-British troops recently landed on the Somali coast have fought near Berbera, a bay of the Gulf of Aden, with a force of an Arab Mullah named Sheikh Mohammed Saib, who has been proclaimed Mahdi by the Mussulmans.

The Mussulmans are harassing an uprising of the Somalis against the Abyssinians. During the fighting twenty-seven Somalis were killed.

WANTS MRS. EYLER REMOVED. President Maddock's Opinion Regarding the Charges Against Industrial School Matron.

Dr. George C. Maddock, president of the Board of Managers of the State Industrial School for Girls at Trenton, N. J., stated at New Brunswick yesterday that Mrs. Eyer, matron of the institution, should be removed on the charges of cruelty against her.

There will be no inquest in the case of Sadie Wiseman, whose death at Trenton is alleged to have been due to neglect. Dr. Eyer, who was superintendent of the school, was removed from his post yesterday.

Terry Estate Must Pay. Hamilton County, as referee, has decided that Antonio A. Agronone is entitled to \$18,870 from the estate of the late Antonio J. Terry. Agronone was superintendent of Mr. Terry's Cuban sugar plantation, and his claim is for unpaid salaries.

THE RING THAT PHARAOH GAVE TO JOSEPH! A great discovery of fascinating, thrilling, Biblical, archaeological and Egyptological interest. See next Sunday's Journal.

MISS "HELLS" KEARNEY! "WHY?"

People's Telephone Man Says This Official Helps the Trust

MAZET GETS A REASON.

Mr. Moebus Says a Nature-Loving Brewer May Run Parks Well.

The Maze, Committee resumed its sittings yesterday, and Frank Moss's questions covered three subjects.

First, Mr. Moss tried to prove that Pelham Bay Park, in the Bronx, had been diverted from public to private uses.

Second, that Henry S. Kearney, of the Department of Public Buildings, Lighting and Supplies had refused to grant a permit to the People's Telephone Corporation to lay wires in the electrical subways, although, as a competitor of the present telephone monopoly, the People's Company proposed to reduce rates one-half.

Third, that the conduct of the District Attorney's office had resulted in miscarriages of justice and great suffering to innocent persons.

The committee sat in the rooms of the Board of Trade and Transportation, at 203 Broadway. August Moebus, Park Commissioner for the Borough of the Bronx, was the first witness. He told Mr. Moss that there were fifty-five houses on park property in the Bronx, which brought the city a rental of \$28,327 a month. He said he thought it wise in the incomplete state of the Bronx's parks, that the city should get this income.

"Do you think your business as a brewer peculiarly fits you for the duties of Park Commissioner?" asked Chairman Mazet. "No, I do not. But I like parks. I love flowers. I am fond of increasing the beauty of a landscape; and I think I have brains enough to do my duty through my expert subordinates."

Arthur J. Baldwin, counsel for the People's Telephone Corporation, who tried to obtain a permit for the company to use the city's electrical subways, testified. The granting power is solely in the hands of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, Lighting and Supplies.

Attorney Baldwin made an application on February 16, 1899, and Commissioner Kearney obtained a ruling from Corporation Counsel Whelan that the company was not entitled to the permit.

As a further complication, it is considered likely that the Zulus and other barbarous tribes in South Africa will ally themselves with the Boers.

Five transports landed British troops in Natal yesterday, and reports from London say that two army corps will soon be in the field.

BRITAIN EXPECTS A BOER ADVANCE. Invasion of Natal Would Be No Surprise to the Home Government.

London, Oct. 5.—The Government has received nothing to confirm the Daily Telegraph's report of the Boers having invaded Natal and of a dash of troops, although an aggressive move on the part of the Boers would naturally cause little surprise.

The British position in Natal was considerably strengthened by the arrival of day of Indian transports with reinforcements of about 2,500 infantry, cavalry and artillery, all of which will be promptly sent to the front by train, and with their arrival at Glencoe and Ladysmith tomorrow or Saturday the British advanced camps and lines of communication will be practically safeguarded against the risk of an unexpected dash across the frontier by the Boers.

The military authorities apparently no longer fear the attacking of the Boers along the border, and, in fact, it has been provided that the Boers shall not make a sudden invasion in the territory. The Natal authorities are rather pleased with this because, they argue, the tension of waiting will tell severely on the discipline of the Boers, and, in view of the fact that the Boers are now in a position to advance into Natal, leaving behind them a forlorn and empty territory.

The Telegraph report, which is referred to above and which was published in its second edition this morning, was from Newcastle, dated October 4, and is as follows:

The Boer advance began today with a general movement of artillery. The Boers are occupying Lang's Nek, and have hold the mountains to the southwest of Volksrust. There are no British troops nearer than Ladysmith, and preparations are being made to abandon Natal from the frontier to Glencoe.

The fanatical of Newcastle not to-day decided not to attempt to defend the town in the event of a Boer advance in force. General Buller is expected to arrive within four hours. The people are crowding the trains for Ladysmith.

SCOTSMAN SURVIVORS AT THRIFTY SKIPPER'S MERCY. He Demands \$40 Salvage for Each Piece of Luggage Recovered from the Wreck.

St. John's, N. F., Oct. 5.—A schooner with 220 pieces of luggage belonging to passengers of the British steamer Scotsman, which went ashore in the Straits of Belle Isle while bound from Liverpool to Montreal, arrived at Change Islands from the wreck today.

The master of the schooner claims \$40 salvage for each package, asserting that Captain Skelton, of the Scotsman, promised him special remuneration for taking the luggage instead of ordinary cargo. Legal proceedings will probably be instituted to compel the schooner's captain to give up the property.

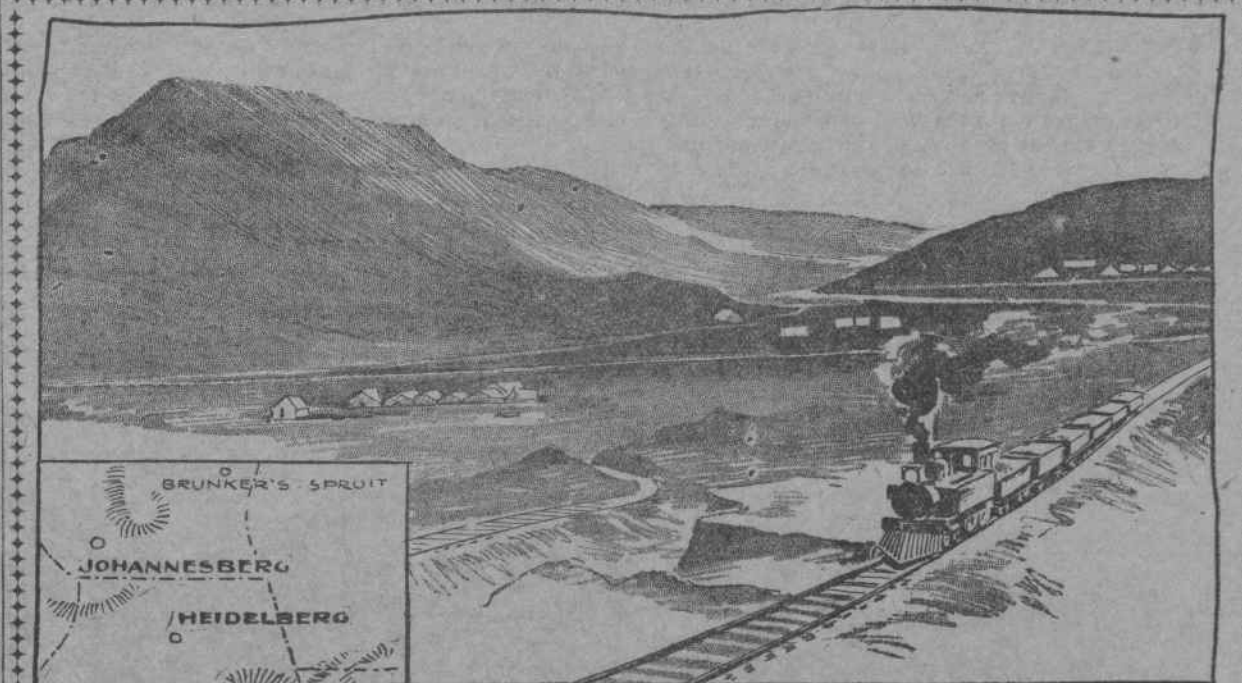
PARIS WILL SOON BE ABLE TO "HELLO" TO ROME. Negotiation Opened for the Establishment of a Telephone Line Between the Famous Cities.

Paris, Oct. 5.—Negotiations have been opened for the establishment of a telephone system from Paris to Rome and from Paris to Milan.

Charged with Ignoring Yellow Flag When told yesterday afternoon that the Board of Health intended to proceed against him, Henry Berkowitz, landlord of the big tenement No. 271 Delia street, went around to 2363 Market Street and gave himself up. Berkowitz, on Monday, in spite of the presence of a yellow flag in front of the place, refused to accept the health officer's order to close his tenement and child, ill with scarlet fever. The Health Department proposes to prosecute Berkowitz to the full extent of the law.

Alleged Diamond Thief Arrested. Joseph Jackson, of No. 240 West Fortieth street, has been arrested on the charge of stealing diamonds valued at \$2,000 from James Bowers, a diamond broker, who says he lives in Bridgeport, Conn. The jewels, which were worth \$2,000, were in the flat of a woman, whose name the police refuse to give. Jackson was held in \$1,000 bail. There is a suspicion that Bowers is not the real name of the man who lost the diamonds, and that he does not live in Bridgeport.

BRITISH TROOPS MASSING TO STOP BOER INVASION.



Where British and Boers Will Likely Meet First. The high point on the left is Majuba Hill. The depression on the right is Laing's Nek, which is said to be held by the Boers.

Large Detachments Hurrying to the Front in Natal to Resist the Advance of Oom Paul's Army.

THE latest reports from the Transvaal indicate that the sudden aggressive movements of the Boers have put the British troops on the defensive and the sole aim of the latter now seems to be to resist a Boer invasion of Natal.

All sorts of rumors are current in London, and there are many who believe that the British and Boers may have clashed already.

It is believed now that France will take a hand in the game of war against Great Britain to avenge the affair at Fashoda.

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Business Notices. CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

CARPET T. M. STEWART Established 1863 326 7th Ave. Tel. 1132 38th St.

CLEANSING 100 PER CENT GAIN IN ONE YEAR.

Last month (September) the number of "Want" Advs. printed in the Journal was 75,758 Same month last year 39,647 Gain in one year 36,111

JOURNAL "WANT" ADS. GROW.

The Big Syndicate Still Making Shipments to Our Stores.

Sale So Far Considered Very Successful.

Clothing buyers in New York and vicinity will have a chance to-day and to-morrow to buy their Fall and Winter clothing for little money. This great sale has been going on for the past three weeks at Brown, King & Co.'s, 177 and 179 Broadway, near Cortlandt st. Sometimes some of the goods were sold before the clerks had a chance to properly sort the stock in the different departments. All goods will be sold regardless of their real value. The last shipment we received will be ready for sale this morning. This sale was organized by five wholesale clothiers consolidating their surplus stock of fine suits and overcoats, the very best products of their shops. Cash is what is wanted, and cash they will have if low prices will sell the stock. Inspection is cheerfully invited. The firms who furnish these goods for sale are among the best known houses in the country. Each one pledges himself to be individually responsible for the statements made here. The display made is elegant and comprehensive. We guarantee that for \$1 you get \$3 worth of clothing.

Truly a sensation in the clothing business. No urging to buy. Pay a visit to Brown, King & Co., 177 and 179 Broadway, near Cortlandt street, where you will find the greatest surprise values ever quoted during the past twenty years. Men's first-class sack suits in twenty-five different patterns, all sizes, from 34 to 42 breast measurement, for \$3.95. These suits are sold all over the town for \$12; all we ask is \$3.95. If you find that these suits are not cheap and you are not satisfied, bring them back and we will cheerfully refund the money.

Twenty-six lots, comprising 600 men's suits in chevrons and worsteds, worth \$14; syndicate sale price, \$7.45. Men's suits in all the new shades of worsted stripes, and plain black or blue, at \$8.95. You'll find these suits perfect fitting and equal to custom tailors' make, worth \$20; syndicate sale price \$8.95. Bring back anything you don't like within the fifteen days' limit. Men's clay diagonal cutaway and sack suits, in black or blue, for dress wear, such as sell always for \$18, go next fifteen days at \$8.45. Men's full dress coats and vests, only a limited quantity, at \$12; young men's long pants suits, 14 to 16 years, in cassimeres and chevrons, \$3.25 and \$4.27, worth \$10 and \$12; men's durable pants, 98c; men's cheviot and cassimere pants, \$1.45, \$1.75 and \$2; fine dress pants, \$2.25 and \$2.75; worth four times the money.

We offer a fine heavy Winter overcoat, nicely made and trimmed, worth \$12, at \$4.95; men's long cut ulsters, flannel-lined, worth \$12, at \$3.95; men's genuine overcoat cloth Fall overcoats worth \$16, for this week, at \$4.95; men's and young men's Fall overcoats, silk or satin lined, all the new shades of tan and Oxford, in smooth or rough goods, at \$7.95, salable at \$20.00; men's genuine black cheviot overcoats, worth \$18, at \$6.50; men's and young men's Irish frieze overcoats, in black or Oxford, lined with heavy guaranteed satin, at \$9.95; worth \$20.00. We offer men's kersey and melton overcoats at \$7.95; worth \$25; men's genuine Carr's melton overcoats, the best manufactured, worth \$32, go for \$10.80, satin saddle and satin sleeve lining.

Remember the great sale To-day at BROWN, KING & CO.'s, 177 and 179 Broadway, near Cortlandt street, New York City. Open until 6:30 P. M. Car fare paid to out-of-town purchasers.

DRINK HABIT CURED. Treatment taken at your home. No hypodermic injections. Safe and beautiful. Book on alcoholism mailed free. Write or call in confidence. THE ABSTINENT CURE CO., R. 918, 1121 Broadway, New York.



Emerald Kid Shoes

for men. Most of our customers have come to like Black Emerald Kid as a leather—it is smooth, rich, easy, and takes a mirror polish.

And so we have put it into the best of this season's styles—well shaped, well made and with many little extra touches of elegance. Ready now.

French, Shiner & Urner.

163 BROADWAY, New Singer Bldg., cor. Liberty St. 355 BROADWAY, cor. Franklin St. 1263 BROADWAY, bet. 31st and 32d Sts. 1455 BROADWAY, bet. 41st and 42d Sts. BROOKLYN—387 and 506 Fulton St. PHILADELPHIA—728 Chestnut St. Agencies throughout the United States.

Bank Note Despotism.

By William J. Bryan

Written Exclusively for the

Editorial Section of

Next SUNDAY'S JOURNAL.

This is the most important contribution to modern political discussion since the framing of the Chicago platform.

The arguments advanced in this article will be heard repeatedly between now and the day of the national conventions, and no man interested in the political discussion of the day can afford to miss it.